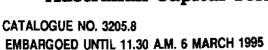
Australian Capital Territory

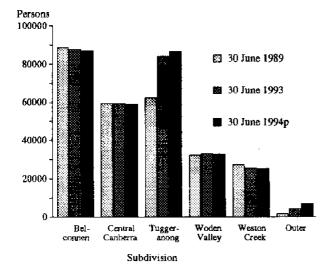




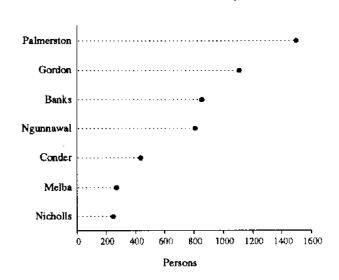
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION IN STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY
JUNE 1994, PRELIMINARY

MAIN FEATURES





POPULATION CHANGE, SELECTED SUBURBS, 1993-1994p



At 30 June 1994 the estimated resident population of the Australian Capital Territory excluding Jervis Bay Territory was 300,900, an increase of 2,700 or 0.9 per cent since 30 June 1993.

Population growth over the year to 30 June 1994 mainly occurred in the subdivisions of Tuggeranong and Outer Canberra where the population increased by 2.9 per cent and 52.1 per cent respectively. The population of Tuggeranong increased from 84,500 to 87,000 with significant population increases in Gordon (up 1,110), Banks (up 860) and Conder (up 440). The population of Outer Canberra increased from 4,800 to 7,300, mainly due to the increase in the population of Palmerston (up 1,500) and the establishment of the new suburbs of Ngunnawal and Nicholls which had populations of 800 and 250 respectively as at 30 June 1994.

The subdivisions of Belconnen, Central Canberra, Weston Creek and Woden Valley all experienced declines in population over the year to 30 June 1994.

The population of Belconnen decreased by 0.9 per cent from 88,300 to 87,600. The only suburbs in Belconnen to record an increase in population were Melba (as a result of the redevelopment of medium density housing), Belconnen Town Centre, Holt and McKellar.

The population of the subdivision of Central Canberra declined by 1.0 per cent from 60,100 to 59,500, with most suburbs in this subdivision registering a decline in population, the exceptions being City, Kingston and Deakin.

In the subdivision of Weston Creek the population declined by 1.6 per cent from 26,300 to 25,800, with all suburbs in this subdivision recording a loss in population.

The population of Woden Valley declined by 1.3 per cent from 33,800 to 33,400. Suburbs in Woden Valley to experience an increase in population were Phillip, O'Malley and Isaacs.

NOUIRIES

- for further information about statistics in this publication and the availability of related unpublished statistics, contact Heather Pollard on Canberra 252 6678 or any ABS State office
- for further information about ABS statistics and services please contact Information Services on Canberra (06) 252 6627, 252 6007 or any ABS State office.

Population Growth Rate, 1993-1994p, selected SLA's Canberra

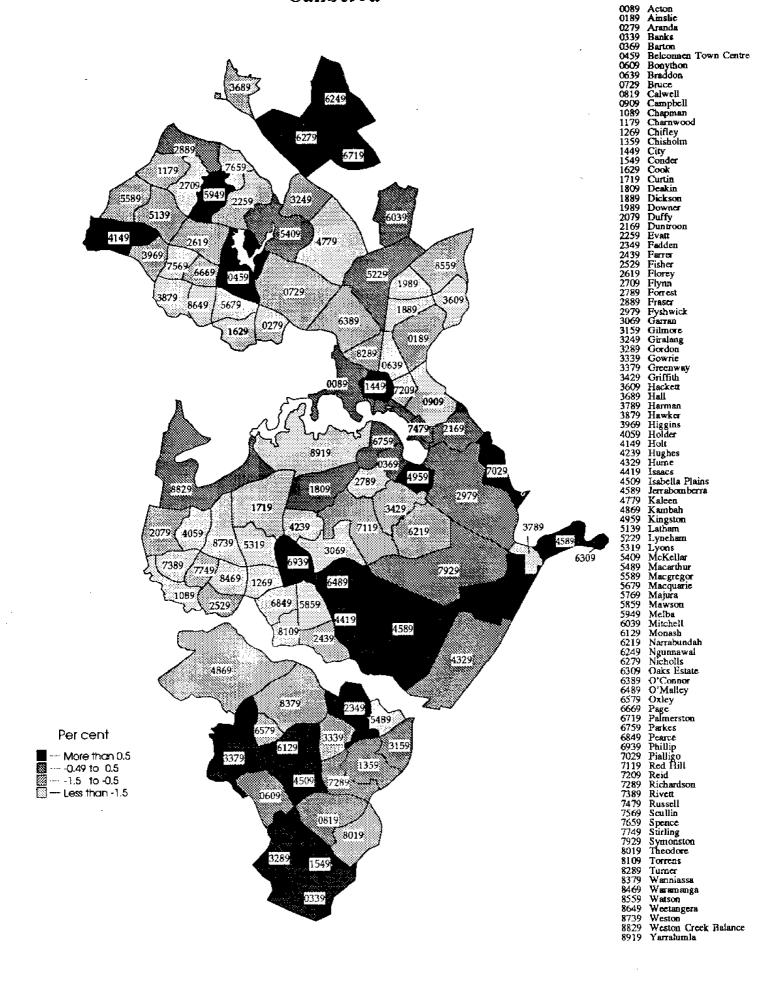


TABLE 1. ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION: STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS OF AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, 30 JUNE 1989, 1993 AND 1994 (PRELIMINARY)

Statistical Subdivision/ Statistical Local Area	30 June			Average percentage change per year	
	1989	1993	1994 _P	1989–93	1993-94 _p
	CANBEI	RRA CENTRAL SUBDI	VISION		
Acton	1,644	1,751	1,750	1.3	-0.1
Ainslie	4,836	4,773	4,745	-0.3	-0.6
Barton	736	645	645	-2.6	_
Braddon	2,120	1,983	1,934	-1.3	-2.5
Campbell	3,198	3,322	3,175	0.8	-4.4
City	255	219	348	-3.0	58.9
Deakin	2,692	2,673	2,686	-0.1	0.5
Dickson	2,117	1,969	1,938	-1.4	-1.6
Downer	3,809	3,544	3,451	-1.4	-2.6
Duntroon	1,752	1,951	1,950	2.2	-0.1
Forrest	1,257	1,260	1,231		-2.3
Fyshwick	81	75	75	-1.5	
Griffith	3,183	3,221	3,184	0.2	-1.1
Hackett	3,313	3,185	3,092	-0.8	-2.9
		1,399	1,503	1.9	7.4
Kingston	1,272		4,200	2.2	-0.3
Lyneham	3,777	4,214		0.3	-1.0
Narrabundah	5,270	5,338	5,284		
O'Connor	5,056	4,935	4,866	-0.5	-1.4
Parkes	21	27	27	5.2	_
Red Hill	3,208	3,266	3,249	0.4	-0.5
Reid	616	1,546	1,505	-0.9	-2.7
Russell	3	5	5	10.8	_
Tumer	2,090	2,128	2,097	0.4	-1.5
Watson	3,729	3,638	3,584	-0.5	-1.5
Yarralumla	3,080	3,018	2,965	-0.4	-1.8
Total Canberra Central	60,115	60,085	59,489	_	-1.0
	BE	LCONNEN SUBDIVISION	ON		
Aranda	2,924	2,773	2,715	-1.1	-2. I
Belconnen Town Centre	1,895	2,373	2,477	4.6	4.4
Bruce	1,149	2,129	2,108	13.1	-1.0
Chamwood	3,722	3,637	3,583	-0.5	-1,5
Cook	3,278	3,274	3,193	_	-2.5
Evatt	6,781	6,512	6,464	-0.8	-0.7
Florey	5,226	5,611	5,556	1.4	-1.0
Flynn	4,379	4,203	4,066	-0.8	-3,3
Fraser	2,708	2,645	2,634	-0.5	-0.4
Giralang	4,192	4,159	4,132	-0.2	-0.6
Hawker	3,422	3,299	3,245	-0.7	-1.6
	3,857	3,730	3,675	-0.7	-1.5
Higgins					
Holt	4,647	4,575	4,616	-0.3	0.9
Kaleen	9,228	9,004	8,837	-0.5	-1.9
Latham	4,547	4,382	4,334	-0.7	- 1.]
McKellar	3,028	3,185	3,187	1.0	0.1
Macgregor	4,500	4,345	4,280	-0.7	-1.5
Macquarie	2,753	2,778	2,706	0.2	-2.0
Melba	4,197	3,455	3,728	-3.8	7.9
Page	2,803	2,820	2,800	0.1	-0.3
Scullin	3,408	3,151	3,065	-1.6	-2.3
Spence	3,350	3,144	3,087	-1.3	-1.4
Weetangera	3,203	3,067	3,009	-0.9	-1.9
Belconnen SSD Balance	78	73	73	-1.3	_
Total Belconnen	89,275	88,324	87,570	-0.2	-0.9

TABLE 1. ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION: STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS OF AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, 30 JUNE 1989, 1993 AND 1994 (PRELIMINARY) — continued

	30 June			Average percentage change per year	
Statistical Subdivision/ Statistical Local Area	1989	1993	1994p	1989-93	1993-94p
	WOD	EN VALLEY SUBDIVI	SION		
Chifley	2,688	2,511	2,441	-1.4	-2.8
Curtin	5,826	5,494	5,364	-1.2	-2.4
Farrer	3,957	3,875	3,822	-0.4	-1.4
Салтап	3,217	3,052	2,962	-1.0	-2.9
Hughes	3,148	3,086	3,025	-0.4	-2.0
Isaacs	1,532	2,882	2,913	13.5	1.1
Lyons	3,061	2,862	2,798	-1.3	-2.2
Mawson	3,061	2,902	2,832	-1.1	-2.4
O'Mailey	224	680	754	24.9	10.9
Pearce	2,765	2,648	2,589	-0.9	-2.2
Phillip	872	1,341	1,461	9.0	8.9
Torrens	2,618	2,457	2,391	-1.3	-2.7
Total Woden Valley	32,969	33,790	33,352	0.5	-1.3
	WES	TON CREEK SUBDIVIS	SION		
Chapman	3,361	3,271	3,218	-0.5	-1.6
Duffy	3,812	3,623	3,596	-1.0	-0.7
Fisher	3,557	3,466	3,421	-0.5	-1.3
Holder	3,301	3,111	3,051	-1.2	-1.9
Rivett	4,019	3,746	3,676	-1.4	-1.9
Stirling	2,479	2,387	2,371	-0.8	-0.7
Waramanga	3,198	2,927	2,838	-1.8	-3.0
Weston	3,965	3,703	3,637	-1.4	-1.8
Weston Creek SSD Balance	55	36	36	-8.1	_
Total Weston Creek	27,747	26,270	25,844	-1.1	-1.6
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TUG	GERANONG SUBDIVIS	SION		
Banks	_	1,761	2,621		48.8
Bonython	_	2,922	2,938		0.5
Calwell	2,888	5,879	5,890	15.3	0.2
Chisholm	6,143	6,410	6,400	0.9	-0.2
Conder	_	1,476	1,916	F 4	29.8
Fadden	3,190	3,715	3,795	3.1	2.2
Gilmore	3,014	3,355	3,365	2.2	0.3
Gordon		3,823	4,936		29.1
Gowrie	3,912	3,900	3,853	-0.1	-1.2
Greenway	120	771	870	45.1	12.8
Isabella Plains	3,148	4,669	4,731	8.2	1.3
Kambah	18,552	18,451	18,363	-0.1	-0.5
Macarthur	1,500	1,757	1,716	3.2	-2.3
Monash	3,562	5,610	5,747	9.5	2.4
Oxley	2,168	2,198	2,169	0.3	-1.3
Richardson	3,658	3,792	3,796	0.7	0.1
Theodore	774	4,123	4,087	39.7	-0.9
Wanniassa	10,212	9,765	9,640	-0.9	-1.3
Tuggeranong SSD Balance	82	123	123	8.4	_
Total Tuggeranong	62,923	84,500	86,956	6.1	2.9

TABLE 1. ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION: STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS OF AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, 36 JUNE 1989, 1993 AND 1994 (PRELIMINARY)

	30 June			Average percentage change per year	
Statistical Subdivisions					
Statistical Local Area	1989	1993	1994р	1989-93	1993-94p
	OUTE	R CANBERRA SUBDI	/ISION		
Gungahlin Balance	85	61	61	-6.4	_
Hall	340	381	377	2.3	-1.0
Harman	371	290	232	-4.8	-20.0
Hume	15	13	13	-2.8	_
Jerrabomberra	34	35	38	0.6	8.6
Kowen	44	47	47	1.3	dien
Majura	345	349	349	0.2	
Mitchell		5	5		_
Ngunnawal	_	_	815		
Nicholls	_		251		
Oaks-Estate	317	338	341	1.3	0.9
Palmerston		2,589	4,090		58.0
Pialligo	160	126	128	-4.7	1.6
Stromlo	116	114	105	-0.3	-7.9
Symonston	478	458	458	-0.9	_
Total Outer Canberra	2,305	4,806	7.310	15.8	52.1
	AUSTRALIAN	CAPITAL TERRITORY	— BALANCE		
Remainder of A.C.T.	394	391	391	-0.2	_
Total Australian Capital					
Territory Balance	394	391	391	-0.2	_
	AUSTRA	LIAN CAPITAL TERR	ITORY(a)		
Total Australian Capital Territory	275,728	298,166	300,912	1.6	0.9

⁽a) Excluding Jervis Bay Territory.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This publication contains final estimates of the resident populations for the Statistical Local Areas of the Australian Capital Territory as at 30 June 1989 and 1993, and preliminary estimates as at 30 June 1994. Rates of change for the intervening periods 1989-1993 and 1993-1994 are also included.

Population estimates

- 2. The estimated resident populations (ERP) contained in this publication are the official ABS population estimates. They are derived from 1991 Census population counts by making the following adjustments:
 - (a) Census counts on a place of usual residence basis are obtained by counting each person in their stated SLA of usual residence, rather than where they were counted on census night. Persons who do not state their address of usual residence on the census form are proportionately allocated to all the SLAs in the State/Territory. Overseas visitors are excluded from these counts.
 - (b) These usual residence census counts are then adjusted for census undercount, by applying undercount rates derived from the 1991 Post Enumeration Survey. These rates take into account differences in undercount according to a person's age, sex and geographic location.
 - (c) Australian residents temporarily overseas on census night, excluded from census counts, are added back into the population. Estimates of Australians temporarily overseas on census night are obtained from passenger card data for persons returning to Australia in the year following the census.
 - (d) The above three adjustments result in the estimated resident population for each SLA as at census date, 6 August 1991. To obtain the estimated resident population as at 30 June 1991, the estimated increase in the population of each SLA due to natural increase and net migration between 30 June and 6 August is subtracted from the 6 August 1991 population estimate.
- 3. An explanation of the concept of estimated resident population is contained in the ABS technical paper, Methods and Procedures in the Compilation of Estimated Resident Population 1981 and in the Construction of the 1971-81 Time Series (3103.0), issued on 11 March 1983.
- 4. The 1993 and 1994 estimates are an update of the 1991 Census date estimates. They rely heavily on estimates of the number of occupied dwellings and their occupancy ratios. For each suburb the number of occupied private dwellings is estimated by using domestic electricity connections and enumerations of the number of occupied dwellings supplied by the ACT Department of

Environment, Land and Planning. Historical housing occupancy trends derived from census counts are used to estimate occupancy ratios for dwellings. These are applied to the number of occupied private dwellings to give an estimated population for each suburb. Births and student numbers were also used as indicators of population size.

Geographic Boundaries

5. The geographic areas used in this publication are defined in the Australian Standard Geographical Classification, Edition 2.4 (1216.0). The boundaries of SLAs used in determining the population are those in existence at 30 June 1994. The population estimates for previous years have been adjusted where appropriate so that they reflect the population changes for each area had the June 1994 boundaries existed then.

Reliability

6. Although estimates of resident population are shown to the nearest unit, accuracy to this level is not claimed and should not be assumed.

Related Publications

7. Other ABS publications which may be of interest to users of this publication include:

Australian Demographic Statistics (3101.0) — issued quarterly

Estimated Resident Population by Sex and Age: States and Territories of Australia (3201.0) — issued annually

Estimated Resident Population by Age and Sex in Statistical Local Areas, Australian Capital Territory (3207.8) — issued annually

Projections of the Populations of Australia, States and Territories, 1993 to 2041 (3222.0)

Demography, Australian Capital Territory (3311.8) — issued annually

1991 Census — Census Counts for Small Areas: Australian Capital Territory (2730.8)

8. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a Publications Advice (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

Symbols and other usages

- .. not applicable
 - nil or rounded to zero
- p preliminary figure subject to revision.

DALMA JACOBS
Statistician
Australian Capital Territory

